1		HONORABLE JAMES L. ROBART
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10	FOR THE WESTERN DI	ATES DISTRICT COURT STRICT OF WASHINGTON
11		EATTLE
12	MICROSOFT CORPORATION,	No. C10-1823-JLR
13	Plaintiff, v.	
14	MOTOROLA INC., et al.,	MICROSOFT'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S SEPTEMBER 13, 2013
15	Defendant.	ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE
16	MOTOROLA MOBILITY, LLC., et al.,	
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18	Plaintiffs, v.	
19	MICROSOFT CORPORATION,	
20	Defendant.	
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MICROSOFT'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S SEPTEMBER 13, 2013 ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE (C10-1823-JLR)

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Microsoft respectfully submits the following response to the Court's September 13, 2013 Order to Show Cause.

On Wednesday, September 4, 2013, prior to the submission of the case to the jury, Microsoft filed its Rule 50(a) Motion for Judgment as a Matter of Law. (Dkt. No. 902.) The motion asked that the case not be submitted to the jury, and that instead judgment be entered for Microsoft, and presented a number of bases for such relief, including that as to some issues the evidence would not permit a reasonable jury to find for Motorola (*e.g.*, Dkt. 902 at 1–11) and that as to others the governing legal rules required judgment for Microsoft (*e.g.*, *id.* at 11–13). The case was submitted to the jury and the jury returned a verdict for Microsoft, finding that Motorola breached its contract with the IEEE, breached its contract with the ITU, violated the duty of good faith and fair dealing inherent in both contracts by seeking injunctions, and awarding Microsoft damages. (Dkt. No. 909, Verdict Form.)

As the Court noted in its September 13 Order to Show Cause, because Microsoft "prevailed at trial . . . the court can no longer provide effectual relief by ruling on this motion." (Dkt. 915 at 2.) Motorola agrees. (Dkt. 917 at 1.) But although the motion may be moot in the sense that "a ruling for either party would not affect the case in any meaningful way" (Dkt. 915 at 2–3), many of the issues and arguments raised in the motion are not themselves moot. Microsoft presented a number of factual and legal arguments which support the verdict reached by the jury based on the Court's instructions, <sup>1</sup> as well as arguments that would support a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> *E.g.*, Sections I.A–F (Dkt. No. 902 at 1–11), addressing the evidence compelling a finding of breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing; Section II (*id.* at 11-13), concerning Motorola's conduct in pursuing (as opposed to simply filing) actions for injunctions; Section IV (*id.* at 14), arguing that Motorola's rejection of Microsoft's above-RAND Orange Book offer was a breach of its ITU contract; Section VI (*id.* at 17–18), arguing that Motorola breached the IEEE contract by failing to make licenses available at nominal competitive costs; Section VII (*id.* at 19), arguing that Motorola breached both the IEEE and ITU contracts by failing to make licenses available on RAND terms; Section VIII (*id.* at 19–21), arguing that Motorola's Orange Book mitigation and causation arguments failed; Section IX (*id.* at 21–22), arguing that Microsoft's defenses of invalidity and noninfringement are irrelevant; and Section XI (*id.* at 23–24), arguing that all three Motorola defendants may be held liable for Motorola's conduct.

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judgment in Microsoft's favor based on a view of governing law advocated by Microsoft but not accepted by the Court.<sup>2</sup> These issues are still hotly disputed between the parties, as evidenced by Motorola's post-trial filings (see Dkt. No. 917 at 2–24), and Microsoft expects that Motorola will continue to contest these issues on appeal.

For this reason, out of abundance of caution and to avoid any possible Motorola arguments concerning surprise or waiver, and because Microsoft's motion was unquestionably proper when filed, Microsoft believes that withdrawing its motion is not the appropriate course. In addition, with respect to the legal issues as to which the Court disagreed with Microsoft, for example, whether the RAND commitment categorically precludes injunctive relief, if at any subsequent stage it is determined that the jury should have been instructed as Microsoft proposed, the result would be not a new trial but simply an affirmance of the judgment on that alternative ground. Finally, to the extent that Motorola seeks a new trial because of, for example, claimed errors in certain jury instructions, Microsoft's pre-verdict JMOL motion shows that any such error, even if it occurred, is irrelevant because the case should not have gone to the jury in any event.

Therefore, for the foregoing reasons, Microsoft believes that because the Court has determined that it cannot rule on the motion in a way that would have a meaningful effect on the rights of either party, the Court can simply deny Microsoft's Rule 50(a) motion as moot.

DATED this 18th day of September, 2013.

CALFO HARRIGAN LEYH & EAKES LLP

By s/Arthur W. Harrigan, Jr. Arthur W. Harrigan, Jr., WSBA #1751

<sup>2</sup> E.g., Section III (Dkt. No. 902 at 13–14), arguing that Motorola breached its contracts by seeking injunctions without having first attempted to offer a license on RAND terms; Section V (id. at 15-17), arguing that Motorola breached by seeking injunctions at all on its standard-essential patents; and Section X (id. at 22-23), arguing that Motorola breached by making blatantly unreasonable offers.

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1	By	s/Christopher Wion
2		Christopher Wion, WSBA #33207
	By	s/Shane P. Cramer
3	By	Shane P. Cramer, WSBA #35099
4		999 Third Avenue, Suite 4400
5		Seattle, WA 98104 Phone: 206-623-1700
		arthurh@calfoharrigan.com
6		chrisw@calfoharrigan.com
7		shanec@calfoharrigan.com
8		
	By	s/T. Andrew Culbert
9		T. Andrew Culbert
10	Ву	s/David E. Killough
		David E. Killough
11		MICROSOFT CORDOR ATION
12		MICROSOFT CORPORATION 1 Microsoft Way
12		Redmond, WA 98052
13		Phone: 425-882-8080
14		Fax: 425-869-1327
15		David T. Pritikin
1.		Richard A. Cederoth
16		Constantine L. Trela, Jr. William H. Baumgartner, Jr.
17		Ellen S. Robbins
		Douglas I. Lewis
18		David C. Giardina
19		John W. McBride
		Nathaniel C. Love
20		SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP
21		One South Dearborn
		Chicago, IL 60603
22		Phone: 312-853-7000 Fax: 312-853-7036
23		Tax. 312-033-7030
24		Carter G. Phillips
		Brian R. Nester
25		
26		

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1	SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP 1501 K Street NW
2	Washington, DC 20005
3	Telephone: 202-736-8000 Fax: 202-736-8711
4	Counsel for Microsoft Corp.
5	
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MICROSOFT'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S SEPTEMBER 13, 2013 ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - 4 (C10-1823-JLR)

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	I, Florine Fujita, swear under penalty of perjury	under the laws of the State of
3	Washington to the following:	
	1. I am over the age of 21 and not a party to	o this action.
4	2. On the 18th day of September, 2013, I ca	aused the preceding document to be
5	served on counsel of record in the following manner:	
6		36.100
7	Attorneys for Motorola Solutions, Inc., and Motorol	a Mobility, Inc.:
8	Ralph Palumbo, WSBA #04751 Philip S. McCune, WSBA #21081	Messenger
9	Summit Law Group 315 Fifth Ave. South, Suite 1000	US Mail Facsimile
10	Seattle, WA 98104-2682	X ECF
11	Telephone: 206-676-7000 Email: Summit1823@summitlaw.com	
12	Steven Pepe (pro hac vice)	Messenger
13	Jesse J. Jenner ( <i>pro hac vice</i> ) Ropes & Gray LLP	US Mail Facsimile
14	1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036-8704	X ECF
15	Telephone: (212) 596-9046	
16	Email: <a href="mailto:steven.pepe@ropesgray.com">steven.pepe@ropesgray.com</a> Email: <a href="mailto:jesse.jenner@ropesgray.com">jesse.jenner@ropesgray.com</a>	
17	Norman H. Beamer (pro hac vice)	Messenger
18	Ropes & Gray LLP 1900 University Avenue, 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor	US Mail Facsimile
19	East Palo Alto, CA 94303-2284	X ECF
20	Telephone: (650) 617-4030 Email: <u>norman.beamer@ropesgray.com</u>	
21	Paul M. Schoenhard (pro hac vice)	Messenger
22	Ropes & Gray LLP One Metro Center	US Mail Facsimile
23	700 12 <sup>th</sup> Street NW, Suite 900	X ECF
	Washington, DC 20005-3948 Telephone: (202) 508-4693	
24	Email: Paul.schoenhard@ropesgray.com	
25		
26		

MICROSOFT'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S SEPTEMBER 13, 2013 ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - 5 (C10-1823-JLR)

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1	Andrea Pallios Roberts (pro hac vice) Messenger	
1	Brian C. Cannon (pro hac vice) US Mail	
2	Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP Facsimile 555 Twin Dolphin Drive, 5 <sup>th</sup> Floor X ECF	
2	555 Twin Dolphin Drive, 5 <sup>th</sup> FloorXECF Redwood Shores, CA 94065	
3	Telephone: (650) 801-5000	
4	Email: andreaproberts@quinnemanuel.com	
	Email: briancannon@quinnemanuel.com	
5		
_	Kathleen M. Sullivan (pro hac vice) Messenger	
6	David Elihu (pro hac vice) US Mail	
7	Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP Facsimile	
	51 Madison Ave., 22 <sup>nd</sup> Floor X ECF	
8	New York, NY 10010	
9	Telephone: (212) 849-7000	
9	Email: <u>kathleensullivan@quinnemanuel.com</u>	
10	William Price (pro hac vice) Messenger	
	Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan, LLP US Mail	
11	865 S. Figuera St., 10 <sup>th</sup> Floor Facsimile	
12	Los Angeles, CA 90017  X ECF	
1.2	Telephone: (212) 443-3000	
13	Email: williamprice@quinnemanuel.com	
	MicrosoftvMotoBreachofRANDCase@quinnemanuel.com	
14		
15	DATED this 18th day of September, 2013.	
16	s/ Florine Fujita	
17	FLORINE FUJITA	_
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MICROSOFT'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S SEPTEMBER 13, 2013 ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE - 6 (C10-1823-JLR)